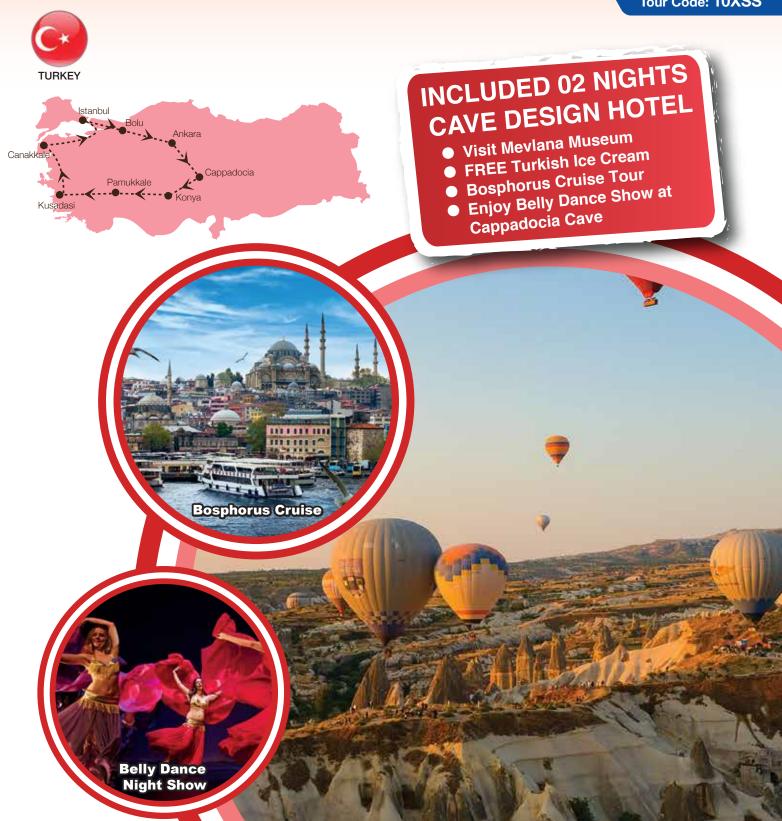


# 10D7N TURKEY DISCOVERY

ISTANBUL, BOLU, ANKARA, CAPPADOCIA, KONYA, PAMUKKALE, SELCUK, KUSADASI, CANAKKALE

Tour Code: 10XSS

Cappadocia







D1

KUALA LUMPUR > ISTANBUL (11H40M++) (MOB)

D2

ISTANBUL – BOLU (258KM 2H50M)

(L/D)

- Istanbul City Walls (Photo Stop)
- Blue Mosque (Walking Orientation)
- Hippodrome Square (Walking Orientation)
- St. Sophia (Hagia Sophia) (Entrance Included)
- Sogukcesme Street (Walking Orientation)

D3

BOLU – ANKARA (187KM 2H20M) – CAPPADOCIA (326KM 3H30M) (B/L/D)

3H3UN) (B/L/D)

- Ataturk Mausoleum (Walking Orientation)
- Salt Lake (Photo Stop)

D4

CAPPADOCIA

/B/I /D

- Underground City (Entrance Included)
- Uchisar Castle Village (Photo Stop)
- Pigeon Valley (Photo Stop)
- Uc Guzeller "Three Beauties" (Photo Stop)
- Avanos Pottery Village (Shopping Stop)
- Goreme Valley (Photo Stop)
- Belly Dance Show

**D**5

**CAPPADOCIA – KONYA** (272KM 3H25M) **– PAMUKKALE** (394KM 5H) (B/L/D)

- Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai (Photo Stop)
- Mevlana Museum (Visit)

D6

PAMUKKALE – KUSADASI (189KM 2H50M) (B/L/D)

- Cotton Castle (Entrance Included)
- Ancient City of Hierapolis & Necropolis (Entrance Included)
- Ephesus Ancient City (Entrance Included)
- Isa Bey Mosque (Walking Orientation)
- Temple of Artemis (Walking Orientation)













HERITAGE

CULTURE

FAMILY

SCENIC

LEISURE

SHOPPING

#### **ISTANBUL**

- **Blue Mosque** also known as Sultan Ahmed Mosque is a historical mosque in Istanbul. The mosque is known as the Blue Mosque because ofblue tiles surrounding the walls of interior design.
- **Hippodrome Square** where horse carriage and gladiator fights took place during the Byzantine Empire. It is decorated today with an Egyptian Column, Serpentine Column and Ibrahim Pasa Palace.
- **St Sophia Church** is also known as Hagia Sophia after the Ottomans captured Constantinople during 1453. It is one of the finest and famous examples of BYZANTINE architecture in the world. Today it is neither a Church nor a Mosque, but a museum.
- **Topkapi Palace** was not only the residence of the Ottoman sultans but also the administrative and educational Centre of the state. Now it has become a large museum in Istabul.
- **Grand Bazaar** in Istanbul is one of the largest and oldest markets in the world, is it often regarded as one of the first shopping malls in the world.

#### **ANKARA**

• **Ataturk Mausoleum** - is the mausoleum of Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, the leader of the Turkish War of Independence and the founder and first President of the Republic of Turkey. The site is also the final resting place of İsmet İnönü, the second President of Turkey, who was interred there after he died in 1973. His tomb faces the Atatürk Mausoleum, on the opposite side of the Ceremonial Ground.

#### **CAPPADOCIA**

- Underground City it is very likely that these underground cities were built to
  withstand attack and can protect large numbers of people and their animals during
  crises period
- Uchisar 'Castle' Village situated at the highest point of Cappadocia, is a very
  hilly and those with walking difficulties will find problems on steep streets and hills.
  From the top of Uchisar are a castle and one of the most magnificent views of the
  landscape
- Pigeon Valley name comes from the thousands of pigeon houses that have been carved into the soft tuff since ancient times. In Cappadocia, pigeons have long been a source of food and fertilizer. The advent of chemical fertilizers has reduced the use of pigeon dung.
- Three Beauties is an icon of Cappadocia's natural beauty with the most famous fairy chimneys.

#### **KONYA**

 Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai - it was a roadside inn where travelers could rest and recover from the day's journey. Caravanserais supported the flow of commerce, information, and people across the network of trade routes covering Asia, North Africa, and southeastern Europe, especially along the Silk Road.



**D7** 

KUSADASI – CANAKKALE (444KM 5H30M) (B/L/D)

- Aegean Sea (Drive Pass)
- Pergamum in Bergama (Drive Pass)

**D8** 

CANAKKALE – ISTANBUL (358KM 5H) (1

(B/L/D)

- Trojan Horse (Photo Stop)
- Topkapi Palace (Entrance Included)
- Grand Bazaar (Closed on Sun) (Shopping Stop)
- Bosphorus Cruise Tour (Ticket Included)

D9

ISTANBUL – KUALA LUMPUR (10H40M++) (B)

• Free at Leisure until Departure

D10

**ARRIVE KUALA LUMPUR** 

## ↑ ★ ★ ★ HIGHLIGHTS

- ✓ Visit Blue Mosque, which has a Unique Feature of 6 Minarets
- ✓ Visit the Historical Ataturk Mausoleum in Ankara
- Explore the Unique Attraction in Cappadocia, Uchisar Castle Village, Pigeon Valley, Three Beauties, Avanos Pottery Village & Goreme Valley
- ✓ Enjoy Belly Dance Show in Cave
- ✓ Visit Mevlana Museum
- ✓ Discover the Beautiful and Famous Terraces Cotton Castle which listed under UNESCO World Heritage Site title in the 1970s
- Explore Ephesus Ancient City which is One of the World's Most Outstanding Archaeological Sites
- ✓ Trojan Horse is One of the Biggest Attractions of Canakkale City
- Enjoy Bosphorus Cruise Trip on the 32 km (20-mile) long strait which joins the Sea of Marmara to the south with the Black Sea to the north of Istanbul

#### **PAMUKKALE**

- Cotton Castle is famous because of the white, cottony appearance of the
  mineral bath spas that abound the province, which is rich in calcium. Known as a
  "spa town" since the Roman era, tourists travel to Pamukkale to relax in warm,
  soothing and therapeutic waters in the myriad spas.
- The Ancient City of Hierapolis was an ancient city located on hot springs in classical Phrygia in southwestern Anatolia. Its ruins are adjacent to modern Pamukkale, Turkey and currently comprise an archaeological museum designated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The hot springs have been used as a spa since the 2nd century BC, with many patrons retiring or dying there.

#### **SELCUK**

• **Ephesus Ancient City** - is one of the world's most outstanding archaeological sites. Walk in its well-preserved marble streets to the Library of Celcius, the Odeon, Grand Theatre, Temple of Hadrian, Roman Bath etc.

#### CANAKKALE

• **Trojan Horse** - is one of the biggest attractions of Canakkale city. The "wooden horse" was made famous by the movie Troy. (Exclude Troy Museum)



5 + HOTEL (5 NIGHTS) + 2 NIGHTS CAVE DESIGN HOTEL (NO STAR RATING)

BOLU X 1 NIGHT
CAPPADOCIA (CAVE DESIGN HOTEL) X 2 NIGHTS
PARTITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

 ✓ PAMUKKALE
 X 1 NIGHT

 ✓ KUSADASI
 X 1 NIGHT

 ✓ CANAKKALE
 X 1 NIGHT

CANAKKALE X 1 NIGHT
ISTANBUL X 1 NIGHT



7 Breakfast / 7 Lunch / 7 Dinner

Mixtures of Buffet, Local Cuisine, Kebab



## General Information

# TURKEY



Turkish Lira (TRY) US Dollar (USD)	Credit Card  Call credit card centre to extend your credit card limit  * Credit Card are used widely in Europe	
TRY 1: RM 0.50 USD 1: RM 4.20	Dial Code Turkey : +90	
230Volts, 50Hz	Power Socket Type C (2-pin) Type F (2-pin)  *Please bring a universal electric plug adapter	
Approximately 5 hours behind Malaysia Time	Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.	
Spring         Summer           Mar - May         Jun - Aug           10°C - 25°C         28°C - 37°C	Autumn Winter Sep - Nov Dec - Feb 8°C - 20°C -5°C - 11°C	
A320	A330 Boeing 777	
	Flight:	
	Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge:	
	Agent Collection Fee:	
Travel Insurance:		
TOTAL:		
	US Dollar (USD)  TRY 1 : RM 0.50 USD 1 : RM 4.20  230Volts, 50Hz  Approximately 5 hours behind Malaysia Time  Spring Summer Mar - May Jun - Aug 10°C - 25°C 28°C - 37°C	



# 10天7晚 探索土耳其之旅

伊斯坦布尔,博卢,安卡拉,卡帕多奇亚,科尼亚,棉花堡,塞尔丘克,库萨达斯,恰纳卡莱

卡帕多奇亚







## 精简行程



(机上用餐)

#### 第2天

伊斯坦布尔 – 博卢 (258公里 2小时50分钟)

(午/晚餐)

- 伊斯坦布尔城墙(拍照)
- 蓝色清真寺(歩行游览)
- 君士坦丁堡竞技场(歩行游览)
- 圣索菲亚教堂(含入门票)
- 冷泉大街(步行游览)

#### 第3天

<mark>博卢 – 安卡拉</mark> (187公里 2小时20分钟) **– 卡帕多奇亚** (早/午/晚餐)

- 阿塔图尔克陵墓(歩行游览)
- 盐湖(拍照)

#### 第4天

卡帕多奇亚

(早/午/晚餐)

- 地下城市(含入门票)
- 乌奇希萨尔城堡村(拍照)
- 鸽子山谷<sub>(拍照)</sub>
- 美女石头 "三个美女" (拍照)
- 阿瓦诺斯陶艺村(购物)
- 格雷梅山谷(拍照)
- 肚皮舞秀

#### 第5天

卡帕多奇亚 – 科尼亚

(272公里 3小时25分钟) - 棉花堡 (早/午/晚餐)

- 丝绸之路~古老客栈(拍照)
- 梅乌拉那博物馆(参观)

#### 第6天

棉花堡 - 库萨达斯

(189公里 2小时50分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 棉花堡(含入门票)
- 希拉波利斯古城 (含入门票)
- 艾菲索斯(含入门票)
- 伊莎贝清真寺(歩行游览)
- 阿耳忒弥斯神庙(毋行游览)



伊斯坦布尔











文化.

- **蓝色清真寺** 原名苏丹艾哈迈德清真寺,17世纪初由伊斯兰世界著名古典建筑 师锡南的得意门生Mehmet Aga设计建造。因清真寺内墙壁全部用蓝,白两色的 依兹尼克瓷砖装饰故名,周围有六根宣礼塔,象征伊斯兰教六大信仰,是伊斯 坦布尔最重要的标志性建筑之一。
- **君士坦丁堡竞技场** 又称君士坦丁堡赛马场,是一个罗马克技场,曾是拜占庭 帝国京城君士坦丁堡的体育和社交中心。在古代世界,赛马和双轮战车赛车是 受欢迎的休闲活动。今天,这里是土耳其城市伊斯坦布尔老城中心的苏丹艾哈 迈德广场。
- 圣索菲亚大教堂 在1453年以前, 一直是拜占庭帝国的主教堂, 此后被土耳其人 占领,改建成为清真寺。1935年,第一任土耳其总统及土耳其国父穆斯塔法.凯 末尔.阿塔图尔克将圣索菲亚大教堂变为博物馆。
- 托普卡泊皇宫 是奥斯曼帝国时期的皇宫,大门外有一座巨大的炮台,所以当 地人都叫它"托普卡泊官",即"炮台皇官"。自1465年至1853年年一直都是 奥斯曼帝国苏丹在城内的官邸及主要居所,现在它已经成为伊斯听坦布尔的-个大型博物馆, 也是伊斯坦布尔最重要的历史古迹之一。
- **伊斯坦布尔的大巴扎** 是世界上最大,最古老的市场,也是世界上最早的购物 中心之一。建造于1461年,有近550年的历史,室内大约有65条街道,4400多 家商店。

#### 安卡拉

**阿塔图尔克陵墓**-位于安卡拉的阿塔图尔克陵幕是土耳其共和国新时代的标志。 为纪念土耳其国父穆斯塔法.凯未尔,1953年筹盖这座宏伟的陵墓。院内还设有 博物馆,展示了阿塔图尔克的肖像,亲笔信和他本人使用过的各种物品。

### 卡帕多奇亚

- 地下城市 是为了抵御攻击而建造的,可以在危机期间保护大量的人和动物。
- **乌奇希萨尔城堡村** 乌奇萨是"第三个堡全"的意思,另两个则是厄古普及欧 塔希沙,但这里最为险峻,这块平原上凸起的六十米高的巨大岩石简直就是一 件现代主义的艺术品。乌奇希萨尔城堡村是一座最壮观的景色之一。
- 鸽子山谷 鸽子谷属于一个天然的自然景观。在这幽美的山谷两边,到处的是 大块的石头,倘若你仔细看在石头上都是密密麻麻大小不一的鸽子洞。对于卡 帕多奇穴居的那些居民来说,鸽了所具备的不仅仅是传信的作用,而目还是人 民生活所用的肥料以提供及营养的源泉。他们用采集来的鸽子粪作为天然的肥 料,是讲究天然的环保地区。
- **三个美女童话烟囱** 是位于卡帕多西业Urgup外最著名的童话烟因。



#### 库萨达斯 - 恰纳卡莱 第7天 (444公里 5小时30分钟)

(早/午/晚餐)

- 爱琴海(路途经过)
- 贝尔加马卫城(路途经过)

#### 第8天

恰纳卡莱 – 伊斯坦布尔 (358公里 5小时)

(早/午/晚餐)

- 特洛伊木马(拍照)
- 托普卡泊皇宫(含入门票)
- 伊斯坦堡大巴扎(星期天休息)(购物)
- 博斯普鲁斯海峡游船之旅(含船票)

#### 第9天

伊斯坦布尔 – 吉隆坡 (10小时40分钟++)

• 自由活动,直到出发时间前往机场

#### 第10天

抵达吉隆坡

#### ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 依游亮点



- ✓ 参观蓝色清真寺,6座宣礼塔是清真寺的独特特色
- ✓ 参观安卡拉历史悠久的阿塔图尔克陵墓
- ✓ 探索卡帕多奇亚独特的景点,乌奇希萨尔城堡村, 鸽子山谷,美女石头"三个美女",阿瓦诺斯陶 艺村,格雷梅山谷
- ✓ 在洞穴欣赏肚皮舞秀
- ✓ 参观梅乌拉那博物馆
- ✔ 美丽和著名的棉花城堡,在20世纪70年代被列入 联合国教科文组织世界遗产
- ✓ 探索艾菲索斯古城,这是世界上最杰出的考古遗址 之一
- 特洛伊木马是恰纳卡莱市最大的景点之一 乘坐游船游览博斯普鲁斯海峡长32公里,海峡北连
- ✓ 黑海,南通马尔马拉海,是欧洲与亚洲之界

推荐购物站

- ✔ 皮革
- ✔ 纺织品
- ✓ 土产

- ✔ 地毯
- ✔ 珠宝
- ✓ 陶瓷

#### 科尼亚

丝绸之路 - 古老客栈 - 是一个路边客栈,旅客可以在这里休息。商队支持商业、 信息和人员在覆盖亚洲、北非和欧洲东南部的贸易路线网络中流动,特别是在丝 绸之路。

#### 棉花堡

- 棉花堡 土耳其文Pamuk表示棉花,Kale表示城堡,所以Pamukkale就叫棉花 堡。自罗马时代起,棉花堡就被称为"温泉之城",游客们前往棉花堡,在温泉 中享受温暖的泉水。此地不仅有上干年的天然温泉,更有好似棉花一样的山丘, 据科学鉴定,泉水富含钙,镁等矿物质,不但对风湿,皮肤病,妇科病,消化不 良及神经衰弱等有神奇疗效,泉水还可饮用。
- 希拉波利斯古城 是古希腊城市,位于士耳其西南部,靠近代尼兹利是古希腊的 著名圣城,现名为帕穆卡尔村。1988年作为文化遗产列入《世界遗产名录》,从 公元前2世纪开始,温泉就被用作水疗中心,许多顾客在那里退休或死去。

#### 恰纳卡莱

● 特洛伊木马 - -正是"木马屠城記"裡記載著的希臘軍隊用來攻破特洛伊城的 那隻大木馬,是恰纳卡莱最大的景点之一,木马也因电影《特洛伊》而出名。

#### 塞尔丘克

▼菲索斯 - 又译以弗所,是早期最重要的城市之一,如今一部分成了土耳其小 镇塞尔丘克。这里发掘出了罗马帝国时期宏伟的建筑,如赛尔苏斯图书馆和大 剧院,以及吸引整个地中海地区朝圣者的著名阿尔忒弥斯神庙为古代"世界七 大奇迹"之一。







5 | 酒店 (5晚) + 2晚 洞穴主题酒店 (无星级评价)

✔ 博卢

X 1晚

✓ 卡帕多奇亚(洞穴主题酒店) X2晚

✔ 棉花堡 X 1晚

✔ 库萨达斯 X 1晚

✔ 恰纳卡莱 X 1晚

✔ 伊斯坦布尔 X 1晚





- ✓ 7 早餐 / 7 午餐 / 7 晚餐
- ✓ 自助餐,土耳其风味餐,土耳其烤肉

免责声明:由于新冠肺炎疫情旅行限制当地/宗教节日,公众假期,天气状况,交通等情况,自然灾害,必要时黄金旅程保留对行程进行适当调整(调整景点游览顺序)以确保行程顺利进行, 会或否事先通知。

备注: 如果旅游行程受到上述问题的影响,将不予退款或更换。图片仅供参考。

# 旅游资讯

· 土耳其 · \*\*\*\*\*

货币	土耳其里拉 : (TRY) 美金 : (USD)	信用卡 致电信用卡中/ *许多信用卡在欧	心,以延长你的信用卡额度 <sup>州通行.</sup>
货币兑换率 \$ € ¥ /	1土耳其里拉 : 0.50 令吉 1美金 : 4.20 令吉	<b>拨号代码</b> 土耳其 :-	+90
电压	230伏特, 50赫兹	插头 C型(2脚) *请自	F型(2脚) 日带多功能插座
时差	标准时差慢马来西亚时间5小时		一件不超过7公斤的手提 经托运行李不超过20公斤
气候	□ 春季 □ 夏季 3月 - 5月 6月 - 8月 10°C - 25°C 28°C - 37°C	秋季	冬季 12月– 2月 -5℃-11℃
飞机型号	A320	A330	Boeing 777
出发日期: 团费: 小费: 签证:		航班行程: 机场税及燃油附加费: 旅行社代收费: 旅行保险: 总数:	
	Travel Agent:		