

10D7N **BALKAN ADVENTURE**

SARAJEVO, MOSTAR, DUBROVNIK, SPLIT, ZADAR, PLITVICE LAKES, POSTOJNA, LJUBLJANA, BLED, ZAGREB

Tour Code: 10 ESC (Updated Version: Year 2020)









(MOB,

- DOHA SARAJEVO (5H20M+)
 - War Tunnel Museum (Entrance Included)
 - Sarajevo Old Town (Walking Orientation)
- SARAJEVO MOSTAR (130KM 2H30M) DUBROVNIK (150KM 3H30M) (B/L/D)
 - Mostar Old Town (Photo Stop)
 - Neretva River and Old Bridge (Stari Most) (Photo Stop)
- D4 DUBROVNIK (B/L/D)
 - Cable Car ride to Mount Srd
 - Dubrovnik's Ancient City Walls
 (Entrance Included)
 - Rector's Palace (Entrance Included)
 - Church of St Blaise (Walking Orientation)
 - Sponza Palace (Walking Orientation)
 - Pile Gate (Walking Orientation)
 - Onofrio's Fountain (Walking Orientation)
 - Franciscan Monasteries (Entrance Included)
 - Old Town (Walking Orientation)
 - DUBROVNIK SPLIT (305KM 5H) ZADAR (180KM 2H20M) (B/L/D)
 - Cathedral of Saint Domnius (Walking Orientation)
 - Diocletian's Palace (Walking Orientation)
 - River Waterfront (Walking Orientation)
 - Roman Forum (Walking Orientation)
 - Church of St. Donatus (Entrance Included)
- ZADAR PLITVICE LAKES (134KM 2H)
 (B/L/D)
 - Plitvice Lakes National Park
 (Entrance Included)
- PLITVICE LAKES POSTOJNA
 (240KM 5H) LJUBLJANA (55KM 1H)
 (B/L/D)
 - Postojna Cave (Entrance Included)
 - River Ljubljanica Canal (Walking orientation)
 - Triple Bridge (Tromostovje)
 (Walking orientation)
 - Ljubljana Old Town (Walking orientation)
 - Prešeren Square (Walking orientation)
 - Franciscan Church (Photo stop)
 - Cathedral of St Nicholas in Ljubljana
 (Photo stop)













HERITAGE

HISTORICAL

/ SCEN

NIC

EISURE

SHOPPING

MOSTAR

Stari Most (Old Bridge) - is a 16th-century Ottoman bridge in the
city of Mostar in Bosnia and Herzegovina that crosses the river Neretva
and connects the two parts of the city. One of the country's most
recognizable landmarks. Stari Most diving is a traditional annual
competition in diving organized every year in mid summer.

DUBROVNIK

- Rector's Palace The Rector's Palace is a palace in the city of Dubrovnik that used to serve as the seat of the Rector of the Republic of Ragusa between the 14th century and 1808. It was built in the Gothic style, but it also has Renaissance and Baroque elements. A museum has operated in the palace since 1872.
- Dubrovnik's Ancient City Walls Dubrovnik's Old Town is completely surrounded by enormous stone walls that date back to the 10th century. Up to 6m (19ft) thick and 2.5m (8ft) high in places, Dubrovnik's Ancient City Walls were built to protect the city and deter would-be invaders.
- Mount Srd Srd is a mountain just behind the walled city of Dubrovnik, in Dalmatia, Croatia. Its height is 412 metres, the top of which is adorned with "Fort Imperial", built in 1806-1816 during the Napoleonic Wars. From its top the walled city of Dubrovnik, Island of Lokrum, AdriaticSea and various local attractions (including restaurants and the Stradun) can be seen.
- Franciscan Monasteries The earliest monastery was built in the 13th century in the Pile area. The Franciscan Monastery contains an unmissable pharmacy (1317) and a museum. Believed to be the oldest working pharmacy in Europe, you can see original laboratory instruments, mortars and jars on display here. The museum contains more fascinating 14th century pharmacy equipment, a well-stocked library and precious religious art and artifacts belonging to the Franciscan order.

SPLIT

- Diocletian's Palace is an ancient palace built by the Roman Emperor Diocletian at the turn of the fourth century AD, that today forms about half the old town and city center of Split, in Croatia. The historical monument here was designated as a World Cultural Heritage site in 1979.
- River Waterfront is the most lively place in Split. It stands in front of Diocletian's Palace, once the home of the Roman emperor. The waterfront is a focal point of community activity where the city meets the sea. it is also the main public square, the space for all kinds of social events, promenade by day, parade by night, the site of sport events, religious processions, festivals, celebrations and political rallies.

ZADAR

Church of St. Donatus -The Church of St. Donatus is a church located in Zadar, Croatia. Its name refers to Donatus of Zadar, who began construction on this church in the 9th century and ended it on the northeastern part of the Roman forum.



D8

LJUBLJANA- BLED (55KM 1H) -ZAGREB (200KM 3H.30M) (B/L/D)

- Lake Bled (Pletna Public Boat Ride Included)
- Bled Castle (View from The Boat)
- St. Mary's Church (Entrance Included)

D9

ZAGREB - DOHA - KUALA LUMPUR (13 H++)(B/-/MOB

- Croatian National Theather (Walking Orientation)
- Upper and Lower Town (Walking Orientation)
- St. Mark's Church (Outside view)
- Mimara Musuem (Outside view)
- Cathedral of the Assumption (Photo Stop)
- Stone Gate (Outside view)
- Ban Jelacic Square (Photo Stop)
- Lotrscak tower (Outside view)
- Zagreb Mosque (Outside view)

D10

ARRIVAL KUALA LUMPUR





- Discover about Sarajevo Historical & Heritage at War Tunnel Museum
- ✓ Mostar Old Bridge listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- Take a Cable Car Ride to Mount Srd and have a Panaromic View of Dubrovnik
- Dubrovnik have the World's Famous City Walls, Beautiful Palaces, Churches and Fountains
- Diocletian Palace is One of the Best Preserved Monuments of the Roman Architecture in the World
- Plitvice Lakes National Park listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- Explore Postojna Cave, the Largest Karst Cave in Slovenia
- ✓ Visit the Beautiful Triple Bridge of Ljubljana
- Enjoy Pletna Public Boat Ride at Lake Bled
- Discover Bled Island and Its Iconic St. Mary's Church located at the Middle of Lakes
- Zagreb Cathedral of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary is a Zagreb Landmark

PLITVICE LAKES

 Plitvice Lakes National Park-The Plitvice Lakes are considered to be one of the most beautiful natural destinations in Europe. Due to its natural beauty and significance, this system of 16 interlinked lakes and a large forest complex around it were set aside as a national park in 1949, World Heritage Site since 1979.

POSTOJNA

 Postojna Cave - is a 24,120 m long karst cave system near Postojna, southwestern Slovenia. It is the second-longest cave system in the country as well as one of its top tourism sites. The caves were created by the Pivka River.

LJUBLJANA

The Triple Bridge - is a group of three bridges across the Ljubljanica River. It connects the Ljubljana's historical, medieval, town on one bank, and the modern city of Ljubljana, capital of Slovenia, on the other. Since 2007, all the three bridges have been part of the Ljubljana pedestrian-only zone.

ZAGREB

- Upper and Lower Town-The centre of Zagreb is divided into two parts: Gornji Grad (Upper Town) and Donji Grad (Lower Town). Because of its historical structures, churches and religious monuments, Gornji Grad has a great historic value attached to it and is considered a tourist paradise. Donji Grad, on the other hand, mostly consists of shops, cafes, museums and parks
- Zagreb Cathedral of the Assumption-With its gothic spires towering 105 meters over Zagreb's Gornji Grad the Cathedral of the Assumption of the Virgin Mary is an omnipresent landmark, as well as being one of the city's top attractions. Built in the 11th century, the magnificent cathedral is Croatia's tallest structure and largest place of worship.
- Lotrscak Tower-Lotrscak Tower is one of the oldest buildings in Zagreb's historic Gornji Grad. It was built into the defense walls of the original 13th-century settlement of Gradec.







Mix Western Meals and Chinese Meals

- 4 + HOTEL (7 Nights)
- Sarajevo
- x 1 Night
- Dubrovnik
- x 2 Nights
- Zadar
- x 1 Night
- **Plitvice**
- x 1 Night
- Ljubljana
- x 1 Night
- Zagreb
- x 1 Night

Disclaimer: Due to local / religious festivals, public holidays, weather condition, transport technical issue, act of nature, Golden Destinations reserve the right to alter the sequence or change, amend or alter the itinerary if necessary, with or without prior notice.

General Information



Currency	EURO : (EUR) BOSNIAN CONVERTIBLE MARKA : (BAM) CROATIAN KUNA : (HRK)	Credit Card Call Credit Card Centre to Extend Your Credit Card Limit *Credit Card are Used Widely in Europe
Exchange Rate	1 EUR : MYR 4.80 1 BAM : MYR 2.45 10 HRK : MYR 6.49	Dial Code SARAJEVO : +387 33 DUBROVNIK : +385 20 ZADAR : +385 23 PLITVICE : +385 53 ZAGREB : +385 1
Voltage	230 Volts, 50 Hz	Power socket 2 round pin plugs *Please bring a universal electric plug adapter
Time Different	(Apr - Sep) - Approximately 6 hours behind Malaysia Time (Oct -Mar) - Approximately 7 hours behind Malaysia Time	Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
Weather	Spring Summer Mar-May Jun-Aug 8°C - 20°C 21°C - 26°C	Autumn Winter Sep-Nov Dec-Feb 5°C - 20°C - 2°C - 7°C
Aircraft Type	- XMARA	
	A320	A330 Boeing 777
Departure Date:	F	Flight:
Tour Fare:	Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge:	
Tipping:		Agent Collection Fee:
Visa:	Travel Insurance:	
	TOTAL:	



10天7晚 巴尔干半岛

萨拉热窝,莫斯塔尔,杜布罗夫尼克,斯普利特,扎达尔, 普利特维采湖,波斯托伊纳,卢布尔雅那,布莱德,萨格勒布







精简行程



吉隆坡-多哈(13小时++) (机上用餐)



多哈 - 萨拉热窝 (5小时20分钟)

(晚餐)

- 战争隧道博物馆(含入门票)
- 萨拉热窝老城(母行游览)

第三天

萨拉热窝 - 莫斯塔尔 (130公里 2小时30分钟) - **杜布罗夫尼克** (150公里 3小时30分钟) (早/午/晚餐

- 莫斯塔尔老城 (拍照)
- ▶ 内雷特瓦河和老桥 (Stari Most) 由照

第四天

杜布罗夫尼克

(早/午/晚餐

- 苏拉德山缆车观光旅
- 杜布罗夫尼克的古城墙 (含入门票)
- 大公府 (含入门票)
- 巴洛克教堂 (歩行游览)
- 史邦札宅邸 (步行游览)
- 桩门(步行游览)
- 欧诺佛喷泉 (步行游览)
 - 圣方济修道院 (含入门票)
- 老城 (步行游览)

第五天

杜布罗夫尼克-斯普利特(305公里, 5小时)-扎达尔(180公里,2小时20分钟) (早/午/晚餐

- 斯普利特主教堂(歩行游览)
- 戴克里先宫(步行游览)
- 海滨大道(歩行游览)
- 罗马广场 (步行游览)
- 圣多纳特教堂 (含入门票)

第六天

扎达尔 - 普里特维采湖

(134公里, 2小时)

(早/午/晚餐

十六湖国家公园 含入门票

第七天

普里特维采湖 - 波斯托伊纳 (240公里 5小时) **- 卢布尔雅那** (55公里,1小时) (早/午/晚餐)

- 波斯托伊纳洞穴 含入口票
- 卢布尔雅那运河 (步行游览)
- 三桥 (歩行游览)
- 卢布尔雅那老城(歩行游览)
- 普雷雪伦广场(步行游览)
- 圣方济会报喜教堂 (伯照)
- 圣尼古拉斯大教堂 (伯照)













遗产

家庭

风景

休闲

购物

莫斯塔尔

莫斯塔尔古桥 - (即"老桥"),是波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那莫斯塔尔的一座16世纪的桥梁,横跨内雷特瓦河。2005年,该桥及周边地区被联合国教科文组织列为世界遗产。从桥上跳入内雷特瓦河是城里的年轻男子的传统。

杜布罗夫尼克

- ◆ 大公府-杜布罗夫尼克大公府座落于杜布罗夫尼克古城东侧,是城内最具代表性的主要建筑。历史上曾是"共和国"政府所在地。府院建于15世纪,古朴典雅。府内既有办公场所,又有火药库和监狱。因火灾地震,府院历经多次毁建,但基本上保持了原来的哥特式风格,同时融入巴洛克和文艺复兴时期的建筑特色。
- **古城墙**-杜布罗夫尼克城墙是围绕在老城周围的防御性石墙,城墙全长1940米,与海相接处高达25米,是欧洲最大最完整的复杂结构城墙。这座城墙从7世纪起就矗立在克罗地亚南部,被认为是中世纪时期最伟大的防御系统之一,从未被敌军破坏过。城墙很好的保护了杜布罗夫尼克五个世纪的平安与繁荣。漫步在老城的城墙上,可以欣赏到完美的景色。
- **苏拉德山**-苏拉德山顶是观赏杜布罗夫尼克美景的最佳地点,缆车修建于 1969年,海拔405米,缆车从山下到山上共778米的距离只需行驶不到4分 钟。壮美的景色令人心旷神怡,城市全貌以及远处的小岛尽收眼底。
- 圣方济修道院-Franciscan修道院建于14世纪,来自世界各地的游客在它美丽的巴洛克式的回廊中徜徉,欣赏珍贵的绘画和音乐档案,图书馆,以及金银器皿上的画作。修道院内还有欧洲最古老的药房,建于1317年,同时也是世界上第三古老的药房。在修道院内的博物馆里,游客可以看到14世纪如何用工具蒸馏水,药品处方的手稿,如何精确测量等有趣的展览。

斯普利特

- **戴克里先宫** 是斯普利特市最著名的建筑,罗马皇帝戴克里先退位后居住的宫殿,建造于295-305年。这里的历史建筑遗迹群在1979年被指定为世界遗产。
- 海滨大道 是斯普利特最热闹的地方,位于戴克里先宫南侧。整条街都是咖啡厅、酒店、餐馆。不管白天还是夜晚,都是咖啡人士的首选,聊天、吹海风,很惬意,是休闲的好去处。

扎达尔

● **圣多纳特教堂**-有着圆形外观的前罗马式教堂圣多纳特教堂,是扎尔达最杰出的标志,在城内现存在14座教堂中享有特殊地位。于9世纪建成,15世纪重修,现在作为音乐厅使用。教堂前的废墟是古罗马宫殿的遗址。



第八天

卢布尔雅那 - 布莱德 (55公里,1小时)-萨格勒布(200公里,3小时30分钟)

- 布莱德湖 (含Pletna Boat船票) 布莱德城堡(从船上观赏)
- 圣玛丽教堂(含入门票)

第九天

萨格勒布 - 多哈 -吉隆坡(3小时++)

- 克罗地亚国家剧院(步行游览)
- 上下城(步行游览)
- 圣马尔谷教堂 (在外参观)
- 米马拉博物馆(在外参观)
- 萨格勒布圣母升天大教堂(拍照)
- 石门 (在外参观)
- 耶拉契奇总督广场 (拍照)
- 洛特什察克塔(在外参观)
- 萨格勒布清真寺(在外参观)

第十天

抵达吉隆坡

★ ★ ★ ★ 【旅游亮点】



- ✓ 探索战争隧道博物馆了解萨拉热窝的历史与 遗产
- 莫斯塔尔老桥被列为联合国教科文组织世界 遗产
- ✔ 乘坐缆车前往苏拉德山观看杜布罗夫尼克古 城的美丽风景
- ✓ 杜布罗夫尼克拥有世界著名的城墙,美丽的 宫殿,教堂和喷泉
- ✓ 戴克里先宫是世界上保护最好的罗马建筑古 迹之一
- ✓ 十六湖国家公园被列为联合国教科文组织世 界遗产
- ✓ 波斯托伊纳洞穴是斯洛文尼亚最大溶洞之一
- ✓ 探索卢布尔雅那美丽的三重桥
- 在布拉德湖体验手摇小船
- ✓ 探索布莱德湖和湖心岛上的一座巴洛克风格 的圣玛丽教堂
- ✔ 萨格勒布圣母升天大教堂是萨格勒布的标志 性建筑.

普里特维采湖

十六湖国家公园-普里特维采湖群国家公园也作布里特威斯湖国家公园,位 于克罗地亚中部的喀斯特山区,创立于1949年,为东南欧历史最悠久的国家 公园,现在也是克罗地亚最大的国家公园。公园内有许多有石灰岩沉积形成 的天然堤坝,这些堤坝又形成了一个个湖泊、洞穴和瀑布。由于主要有16个 湖泊,故公园又叫十六湖国家公园。 1979年被联合国教科文组织列为世界 遗产。现在的普里特维采湖群国家公园是克罗埃西亚最大的观光地。

波斯托伊纳

波斯托伊纳洞 - 是斯洛维尼亚西南部波斯托伊娜附近的一个24,120 米长的岩溶洞穴系统。它是该国第二长的洞穴系统,也是其顶级的旅游 景点之一。洞穴是由皮夫卡河创造的。

卢布尔雅那

三重桥 - 卢布尔雅那处处有各式桥梁串连旧城区和新城区。其中最古老,最热闹的 三重桥。三重桥建于13世纪,起初仅是一座木桥,因年久失修,故于1929年~年 1932年年由义大利建筑师改建为石桥。虽改为石桥后仍不敷使用,又于原来的旧石桥 左右两侧,各再增建了辅助功能的步行桥,而形成如今三桥并立的三重桥。中间的石 桥做为汽车通道,左右两侧的石桥则为行人步道。在桥上可以欣赏广场与河岸两旁美 丽的建筑。

萨格勒布

- 上下城-萨格勒布是克罗地亚首都,是中欧一座史名城,建于11世纪,现时 分为上下城区,上城区是由教堂、市政厅等古建筑组成的老城,下城区则由 广场、商业区、歌剧院组成。
- 圣母升天大教堂-圣母升天大教堂俗称萨格勒布大教堂,是萨格勒布的地标 建筑之一。教堂为哥特式风格,在1880年的地震中被毁,后来于1899年重 建。教堂内有着13世纪的壁画、文艺复兴时期的靠背长椅、大理石祭坛和巴 罗克风格的讲道坛。教堂是市民进行祈祷等活动的主要场所。
- 洛特什察克塔-Lotrščak塔是在萨格勒布的历史勾基奇格勒最古老的建筑之 一。这一座四边形的仿罗马式高塔,共有四层,是扎格雷布保存最完整。13 世纪时,由当时的国王贝拉四式(Bela IV)兴建,主要是为了守卫南城门, 用来阻止土耳其进犯。







7早餐 / 6午餐 / 7晚餐

/ 中餐与西餐为主

4 * 酒店 (7晚)

- ✔ 萨拉热窝 X1晚
- **杜布罗夫尼克** X 2 晚
- X1晚 ✔ 扎达尔
- ✓ 普里特维采 X1晚 卢布尔雅那 X1晚
- ✔ 萨格勒布 X1晚
- 免责声明:由于当地/宗教节日,公众假期,天气状况,交通等情况,自然灾害,必要时黄金旅程保留对行程进行适当调整(调整景点游览顺序)以确保行程顺利进行,会



货币	欧元 (EUR) 波斯尼亞和黑塞哥維那, 馬克 (BAM) 克罗地亚,库纳 (HRK)	信用卡 *致电信用卡中心,以延长你的信用卡额度 *许多信用卡在欧洲通行
货币兑换率 \$ **	1 欧元 : 4.80 令吉 1 馬克 : 2.45 令吉 10 库纳 : 6.49 令吉	拨号代码 萨拉热窝 : +387 33 杜布罗夫尼克 : +385 20 扎达尔 : +385 23 普里特维采 : +385 53 萨格勒布 : +385 1
中压	230 伏特,50赫兹	插头 两个圆脚头 *请自带多功能插座
时差	(4月-9月):标准时差慢马来西亚6小时 (10月-3月):标准时差慢马来西亚7小时	行李托运 每人只限携带一件不超过7公斤的手提行李上 机,以及托运行李不超过20公斤
气候	□ 春季 □ 夏季 3月 - 5月 6月 - 8月 8°C - 20°C 21°C - 26°C	□ 秋季 □ 冬季 9月 - 11月 12月- 2月 5°C - 20°C -2°C7°C
飞机型号		
	A320	A330 Boeing 777
出发日期:	航班行程:	
团费:	机场税及燃油附加费:	
小费:	旅行社代收费:	
签证:	ħ	流行保险:
	,	送数: