



AZERBAIJAN



GEORGIA



ARMENIA



FREE

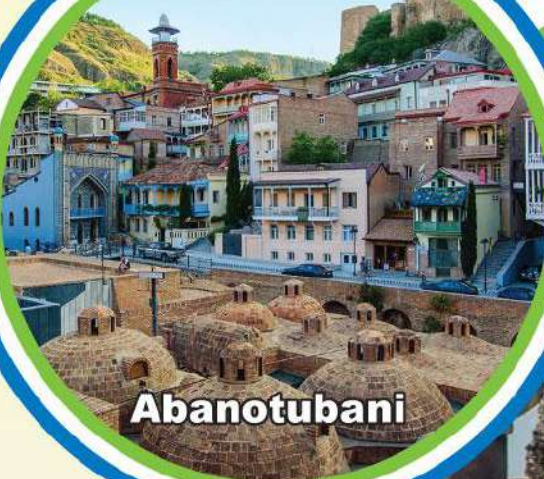
網絡分享
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旅遊保險
Travel Insurance

*T&C Apply



Sevan Monastery



Abanotubani



Baku



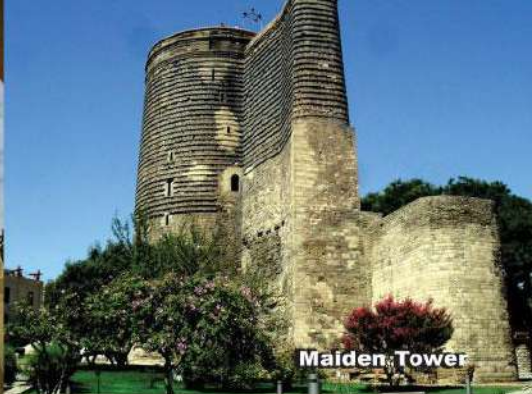
Zvartnots Temple



Yerevan



Palace of Shirvans



Maiden Tower



SCHEDULE

D1

KUALA LUMPUR – ALMATY

(8:1-1++)

(MOB)

- Check Into hotel upon arrival

D2

ALMATY - BAKU (3H40M)

(L/D)

- Mountain Park (Drive Pass)
- Flame Tower (Drive Pass)
- Parliament House (Drive Pass)
- Turkish Mosque (Drive Pass)
- Hazi Aslanov Monument (Drive Pass)
- Caspian Sea (Drive Pass)
- Old Town (Icheri Sheher)
- Palace of Shirvans (Walking Orientation)
- Maiden Tower (Entrance Included)
- Dzhuma Mosque (Walking Orientation)
- Antiques and Carpets Shops (Walking Orientation)

D3

BAKU - ABISHERON PENINSULA-BAKU (23KM 35M each way)

(B/L/D)

- Gobustan National Park (Entrance Included)
- Mud Volcanoes (Ride on the 4WD, subject to the Volcanoes conditions) (Entrance Included)
- Bibi-Heybat Mosque (Entrance Included)
- "Ateshgah" Fire Worshipper's Temple (Entrance Included)
- Yanar Dag (Burning Mountain) (Entrance Included)

D4

BAKU - SHEKI (320KM 4H45M)

(B/L/D)

- Sheki Palace (Entrance Included)

D5

SHEKI – TBILISI (285KM 4H30M)

(B/L/D)

- Icheri Sheher Street (Walking Orientation)
- Kakheti – Hometown of Grape (Drive Pass)
- Chumlaki Village (Drive Pass)
- Peasant House (Visit)
- Sighnaghi (Photo Stop)
- Greater Caucasus Mountains (Drive Pass) (Panoramic View)

*** Lunch at Peasant House with barbecue on nature, home made wine tasting and accompanied by Georgian polyphonic songs perform

D6

TBILISI

(B/L/D)

- Old Town (Icheri Sheher Street at Gah City) (Walking Orientation)
- Metekhi Church (Photo Stop)
- Statue of King Vakhtang Gorgasali (Photo Stop)
- Abanotubani (Photo Stop)
- Narikala Fortress (Photo Stop)
- Sharden Street (Photo Stop)
- Sioni Cathedral (Entrance Included)



HERITAGE



CULTURE



FAMILY



SCENIC



LEISURE



SHOPPING

BAKU


- **Baku** - is the capital and largest city of Azerbaijan, as well as the largest city on the Caspian Sea and of the Caucasus region.
- **Flame Towers** - is the tallest skyscraper in Baku, Azerbaijan with a height of 190 m. The facades of the three Flame Towers are turned into gigantic display screens.
- **Old City or Inner City** - is the historical core of Baku. In December 2000, the Old City of Baku, including the Palace of the Shirvanshahs and Maiden Tower, became the first location in Azerbaijan to be classified as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO.
- **Palace of the Shirvanshahs** - is the biggest monument of the Shirvan-Absheron branch of the Azerbaijan architecture, situated in the Inner City of Baku.
- **Maiden Tower** - also known locally as Giz Galasi, located in the Old City, Baku. It is one of Azerbaijan's most distinctive national emblems.
- **Gobustan National Park** - officially Gobustan Rock Art Cultural Landscape is a hill located west of the settlement of Gobustan. Gobustan was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site and considered to be of "outstanding universal value".
- **Ateshgah** - often called the "Fire Temple of Baku" is a castle-like religious temple in Baku. Based on Persian and Indian inscriptions, temple was used as a Hindu, Sikh and Zoroastrian place of fire worship. "Atash" is the Persian word for fire. The pentagonal complex, which has a courtyard surrounded by cells for monks and a tetrapillar-altar in the middle, was built during the 18th centuries.
- **Yanar Dag** - is a natural gas fire which blazes continuously on a hillside on the Absheron Peninsula on the Caspian Sea near Baku which itself is known as the "land of fire." Flames jet into the air 3 metres from a thin, porous sandstone layer.

SHEKI

- **Sheki Palace** - summer residence of Shaki Khans. It was built in 1797 by Muhammed Hasan Khan. The summer residence is renowned for the lavish decoration of its exterior and interior, that was assembled without nails or glue. The Palace of Shaki Khans was nominated for List of World Heritage Sites, UNESCO in 1998.

TBILISI

- **Tbilisi** - is the capital and the largest city of Georgia, lying on the banks of the Mtkvari River. Located on the southeastern edge of Europe.
- **Metekhi Church** - is located opposite the Old Town, the first built in the 5th century, after several rebuilding, maintaining the original style. Metekhi means surrounding the palace. Beside the church, there is a statue of City's Father Georgia which looked very imposing from the across river.
- **Abanotubani** - means bath district is the ancient district of Tbilisi, Georgia. Sulfur baths are the local specialties.
- **Narikala** - is an ancient fortress overlooking Tbilisi and the Kura River. The internal part of the church is decorated with the frescos showing scenes both from the Bible and history of Georgia.



"Ateshgah" Fire Worshipper's Temple



Shekii Palace



Bridge of Peace

- Holy Trinity Cathedral (Photo Stop)
- Shota Rustaveli Avenue (Drive Pass)
- Leselidze Street (Photo Stop)
- Bridge of Peace (Drive Pass)
- Flea Market (Photo Stop)
- Open Air Museum of Ethnography (Visit)

D7

TBILISI - DILIJAN (211KM 3H35M) - (B/L/D)
LAKE SEVAN (46KM 50M) -
SEVANAVANK - YEREVAN (83KM 1H30M)

- Mountanius Resort Dilijan (Drive Pass)
- Haghartsin Monastery (Walking Orientation)
- Sevan Lake (Entrance Included)
- Akhtamar Peninsula (Drive Pass)
- Sevanavank Monastery (Walking Orientation)

D8

YEREVAN - ETCHMIADZIN (30KM 40M) -
ZVARTNOTS (11KM 15M) - **YEREVAN**
(15KM 25M) (B/L/D)

- Zvartnots Temple (Photo Stop)
- Cathedral of Etchmiadzin (Photo Stop)
- Pink City (Photo Stop)
- Republic Square (Drive Pass)
- Mashtots Avenue (Drive Pass)
- The House of Opera and Ballet (Photo Stop)
- Aram Khachatryan Statue (Drive Pass)
- Matenadaran (Entrance Included)

D9

YEREVAN - HAGHPAT MONASTERY
(188KM 3H) - **TBILISI** (140KM 2H20M) (B/L/D)

- Haghpate Monastery (Photo Stop)

D10

TBILISI - KUALA LUMPUR (B/MOB)
(13H++)

D11

ARRIVAL KUALA LUMPUR



- ✓ Baku Old Town - UNESCO World Heritage Site
- ✓ Famous and Beautiful Vineyards of Kakheti Region
- ✓ Visit the "Armenia Switzerland" of Dilijan
- ✓ Known as "The Emerald of Armenia" - Lake Sevan
- ✓ Wine and Gala Dinner in Tbilisi with Folklore Show
- ✓ Local specialties of Sulfur Baths - Abanotubani



- ✓ Baku x 3 nights
- ✓ Tbilisi x 3 nights
- ✓ Sheki x 1 night
- ✓ Yerevan x 2 nights

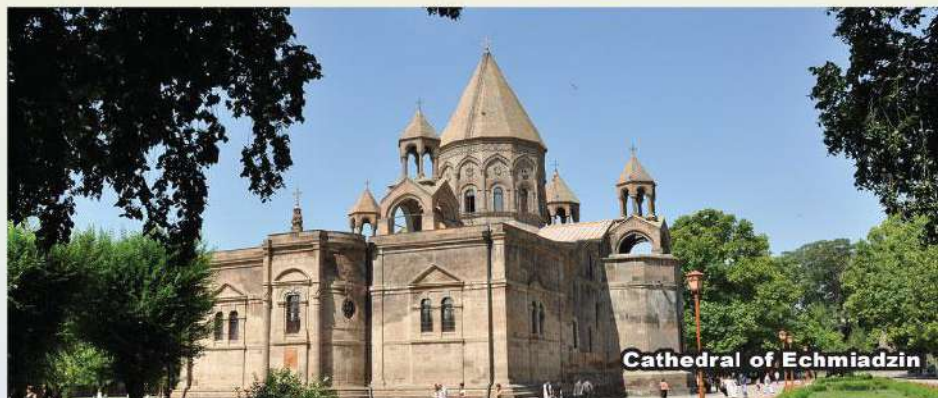


- ✓ 8 Breakfast / 8 Lunch / 8 Dinner
- ✓ Local Cuisines

- **Holy Trinity Cathedral of Tbilisi** - commonly known as Sameba is the main cathedral of the Georgian Orthodox Church located in Tbilisi, the capital of Georgia. Constructed between 1995 and 2004, it considered to be one of the largest religious buildings in the South Caucasus.
- **Open Air Museum of Ethnography** - is an open-air museum in Tbilisi, displaying the examples of folk architecture and craftwork from various regions of the country. The museum is named after Giorgi Chitaia, a Georgian ethnographer, who founded the museum on April 27, 1966.
- **Dilijan** - is a spa town in the Tavush Province of Armenia. Usually called Armenian Switzerland or Little Switzerland by the locals, it is one of the most important resorts of Armenia. Dilijan is currently the fastest-growing urban settlement in Armenia.
- **Lake Sevan** - is the largest body of water in Armenia and the Caucasus region. It is one of the largest freshwater high-altitude lakes in Eurasia. Only 10% of the incoming water is drained by the Hrazdan river, while the remaining 90% evaporates.
- **Sevan Monastery** - also known as Sevanavank, is a monastic complex located on a peninsula at the northwestern shore of Lake Sevan. Initially the monastery was built at the southern shore of a small island. After the artificial draining of Lake Sevan, the water level fell about 20 metres, and the island transformed into a peninsula.

YEVRAN

- **Yeveran** - is the capital and largest city of Armenia, is one of the world's oldest continuously inhabited cities, situated along the Hrazdan River.
- **Etchmiadzin Cathedral** - located in the city of Vagharshapat (Etchmiadzin). According to most scholars, it was the first cathedral (but not the first church) built in ancient Armenia, and is considered the oldest cathedral in the world.
- **Yerevan Opera Theater** - Armenian National Academic Theater of Opera and Ballet after Alexander Spendiaryan in Yerevan was officially opened on 20 January 1933. It consists of two concert halls which has 1,400 seats and 1,200 seats
- **Aram Khachatryan** - was the most renowned Armenian composer of the 20th century and the most famous representative of Soviet Armenian culture. He remains the only Armenian composer to rise to international significance and considered a "national treasure".
- **Matenadaran** - is a repository of ancient manuscripts, research institute and museum in Yerevan, Armenia. It holds one of the world's richest depositories of medieval manuscripts and books which span a broad range of subjects, including history, philosophy, medicine, literature, art history and cosmography in Armenian and many other languages.



Cathedral of Etchmiadzin

Disclaimer: Due to local / religious festivals, public holidays, weather condition, transport technical issue, act of nature, Golden Destinations reserve the right to alter the sequence or change, amend or alter the itinerary if necessary, with or without prior notice.

Remark: There will be no refund or replacement if the tour logistic affected by the above issue. Picture are for illustration purpose only

General Information

• Central Asia •



Currency 	Azerbaijan MANAT (AZN) Georgian LARI (GEL) Aemenia DRAM (AMD)	Credit Card Call credit card centre to extend your credit card limit <i>* Credit Card are used widely in Central Asia</i>
Exchange Rate 	USD 1 : RM 4.2	Dial Code Baku : + 994 12 Sheki : + 994 177 Tbilisi : + 374 1 Yerevan : + 995 32
Voltage 	220-230 V / 50 Hz	Power Socket Type: C <i>*Please bring a universal electric plug adapter</i>
Time Different 	Approximately 4 hours behind Malaysia time	Luggage Allowance Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
Weather 	<div> <input type="checkbox"/> Spring Mar - May 4°C- 22°C <input type="checkbox"/> Summer Jun - Aug 20°C- 31°C <input type="checkbox"/> Autumn Sep - Nov 14°C- 26°C <input type="checkbox"/> Winter Dec - Feb 5°C- 10°C </div>	
Aircraft Type 	<div> A320 A330 Boeing 777 </div>	

Departure Date:

Tour Fare:

Tipping:

Visa:

Flight :

Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge:

Agent Collection Fee:

Travel Insurance:

TOTAL :

EXOTIC
DESTINATIONS 异国风情

11天9晚 中亚国家

巴库, 舍基, 第比利斯, 叶里温

By Air Astana

Tour Code: 11 CBT



阿塞拜疆共和国



格鲁吉亚



亚美尼亚共和国

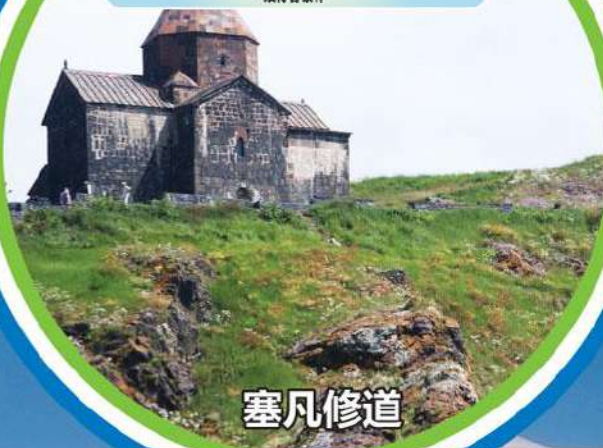


免费

网络分享
WiFi Sharing

旅游保险
Travel Insurance

*须符合条件



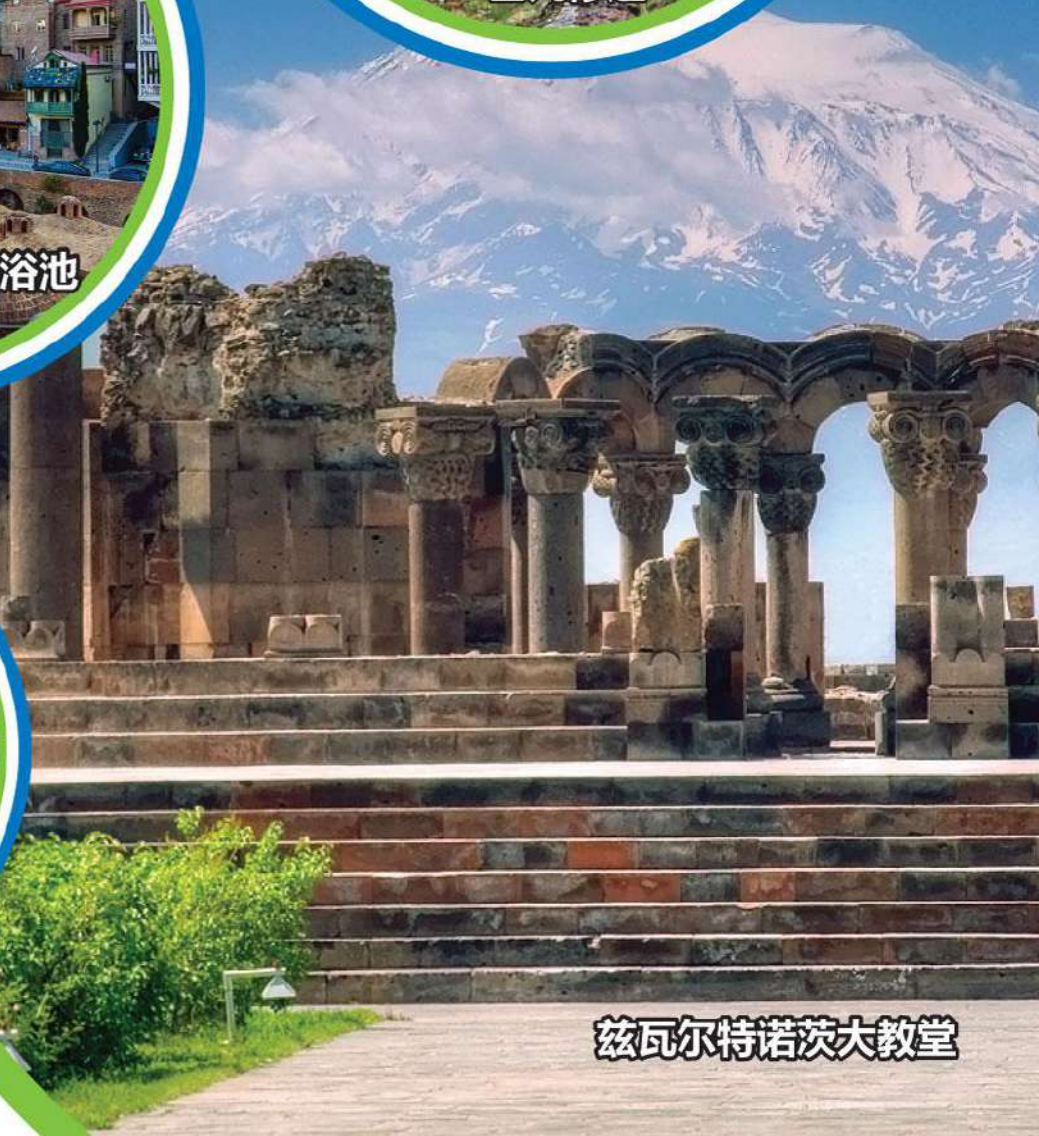
塞凡修道



第比利斯的硫磺浴池



巴库



兹瓦尔特诺茨大教堂



叶里温



希尔万沙宫



少女塔



精简行程

第一天 吉隆坡 - 阿拉木图 (8小时) (机上用餐)

- 抵达后入住酒店

第二天 阿拉木图 - 巴库 (3小时40分钟) (午/晚餐)

- 高山公园 (路途经过)
- 火焰塔 (路途经过)
- 国会大厦 (路途经过)
- 土耳其清真寺 (路途经过)
- 哈齐阿斯拉诺夫纪念碑 (路途经过)
- 裡海 (远观点) (路途经过)
- 巴库老城 (步行游览)
- 希尔万沙宫 (步行游览)
- 少女塔 (含门票)
- Dzhuma清真寺 (步行游览)
- 古董和地毯店 (步行游览)

第三天 巴库 - 阿普歇伦半岛 - 巴库 (23公里 35分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 戈布斯坦国家公园 (含门票)
- 泥火山 (乘坐四轮驱动, 视火山状况而定) (含门票)
- Bibi - Heybat清真寺 (含门票)
- Ateshgah火祠 (含门票)
- Yanar Dag火焰山 (含门票)

第四天 巴库 - 舍基 (320公里 4小时45分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 舍基汗宫 (含门票)

第五天 舍基 - 第比利斯 (285公里 4小时30分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 老城区 (步行游览)
- 卡赫季州 - 葡萄之乡 (路途经过)
- Chumlaki 村庄 (路途经过)
- 农民房 (参观)
- 西格纳吉城镇 (拍照)
- 高加索山脉 (远观点) (路途经过)

***在农民房村享用烧烤午餐, 品尝自制的葡萄酒并欣赏由格鲁吉亚民族歌手的复调歌曲。

第六天 第比利斯 (早/午/晚餐)

- 第比利斯老城 (步行游览)
- 梅特西教堂 (拍照)
- Vakhtang Gorgasali国王雕像 (拍照)
- 硫磺浴池 (拍照)
- Narikala堡垒 (拍照)
- Sharden街 (拍照)
- 希欧尼大教堂 (含门票)
- 圣三一大教堂 (拍照)
- 鲁斯塔维利大道 (路途经过)
- 列谢利泽街 (拍照)
- 和平之桥 (路途经过)
- 跳蚤市场 (拍照)
- 露天民族志博物馆 (参观)



遗产



文化



家庭



风景



休闲



购物

巴库

- **巴库**-是亚塞拜然的首都、经济文化中心。巴库同时也是里海最大港口, 外高加索最大城市。巴库是古波斯语中“上帝之山”的意思。
- **火焰塔**-是阿塞拜疆, 巴库最高的摩天大楼, 190米的高度。三火焰塔的外墙都变成了巨大的显示屏, 使用超过10000的高功率LED灯具。
- **老城区或内城**-是巴库的历史核心。于 2000年12月, 巴库老城, 包括希尔万沙宫和少女塔, 成为阿塞拜疆第一个被联合国教科文组织列为世界文化遗产。
- **裡海**-位於亞洲与欧洲交界, 是世界上面积最大的封闭内陆水体, 同时也是世界上最大的湖泊以及内陆海。裡海是一个内流湖, 没有流出口, 被多个国家环抱。
- **希尔万沙宫**-是一座位于阿塞拜疆的著名古建筑, 位于巴库内城。希尔万沙宫于2000年被联合国列为世界文化遗产。
- **戈布斯坦国家公园**-正式为戈布斯坦岩石艺术文化景观位于科布斯坦的西边。于2007年被评为世纪文化遗产; 被定为阿塞拜疆国家历史景观。
- **火祠**-Ateshgah本身是波斯语, 意为“火地”, 也就是有圣火, 祭祀圣火的地方。不过巴库的火祠实际上是印度教湿婆派的圣地。它修建年代很早, 但屡毁屡建。今天看到的城堡式建筑多为18世纪遗存。
- **Yanar Dag火焰山**-是天然气大火位于阿布歇隆半岛里海附近的巴库, 被称为在一个山坡上绵绵不绝的火“火之乡”。火焰从薄的, 多孔砂岩层喷射到空气达3米高

舍基汉宫

- **舍基汗宫**-是舍基汗宫的夏宫。它始建于1797年由穆罕默德·哈桑·汗。夏宫以其外观和内饰的豪华装修, 这组装不用钉子或胶水。1998年被提名为联合国教科文组织世界遗产。

第比利斯

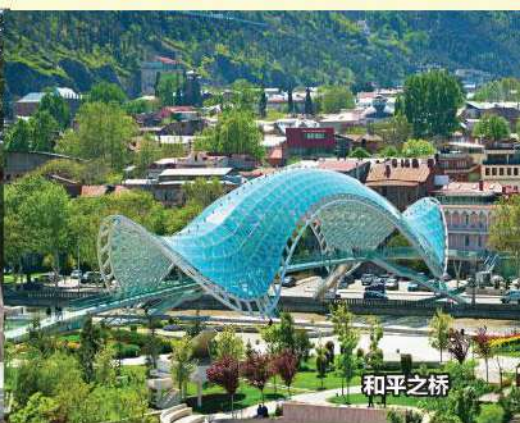
- **第比利斯**-是今日格鲁吉亚的首都, 也是外高加索地区的著名古都。第比利斯位于格鲁吉亚中东部, 是全国最大的城市。
- **梅特西教堂**-坐落于老城对岸, 最早建于5世纪, 虽然经过几次重建, 依然保持原来的风格。“梅特西”意指皇宫的周边旁边有一座格鲁吉亚之父的雕像, 从河对岸望过去十分有气势。
- **Abanotubani**-意味着浴区, 位于第比利斯, 格鲁吉亚。硫磺浴是当地的一番特色。
- **Narikala堡垒**-位于第比利斯老城一个小山头上, 优势的地理位置是俯瞰第比利斯全城和库拉河。教堂内部显示来自格鲁吉亚的历史, 圣经和场景的壁画。
- **希欧尼大教堂**-是一座位于乔治亚首都正教会的大教堂, 位于第比利斯市中心, 始建于6世纪至7世纪时期。
- **圣三一大教堂**-是位于乔治亚首都第比利斯的一座乔治亚正教会的教堂。提比里斯圣三一大教堂修建于1995年至2004年, 是乔治亚正教会规模最大的教堂。
- **露天民族志博物馆**-由格鲁吉亚著名民族学家Giorgi Chitaia建立于二十世纪六十年代。馆内搜集了格鲁吉亚各地的大量民居生活器具, 使用原物陈列。



Ateshgah火祠



舍基汗宫



和平之桥

第七天

第比利斯 - 迪利然 (21公里 3小时35分钟) - **塞凡湖** (46公里 50分钟) - **SEVANAVANK-叶里温** (83公里 1小时30分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 迪利然城镇 (路途经过)
- Haghartsin修道院 (步行游览)
- 塞万湖 (含门票)
- Akhtamar半岛 (路途经过)
- 塞凡修道院 (步行游览)

第八天

叶里温 - 埃奇米阿津 (30公里 40分钟) - **兹瓦尔特诺茨** (11公里 5分钟) - **叶里温** (15公里 25分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 兹瓦尔特诺茨大教堂 (拍照)
- 埃奇米阿津主教座堂 (拍照)
- 粉红之城 (拍照)
- 共和国广场 (路途经过)
- Mashtots 大道 (路途经过)
- 叶里温歌剧院 (拍照)
- 阿拉姆-哈恰图良雕像 (路途经过)
- 玛坦纳达兰 (含门票)

第九天

叶里温 - 哈格帕特修道院 (38公里 3小时) - **第比利斯** (140公里 2小时20分钟) (早/午/晚餐)

- 哈格帕特修道院 (拍照)

第十天

第比利斯 - 吉隆坡 (早餐/机上用餐) (3小时++)

第十一天

抵达吉隆坡

● **迪利然**-是一个温泉疗养地，被当地人称为“亚美尼亚瑞士”。迪利然是目前发展最快的城市，亦是热门的旅游地点。

● **塞凡湖**-位于亚美尼亚东部，为一座大型高山湖泊，面积约1360平方公里，是高加索地区最大的湖泊。湖水通过南部的赫拉兹丹河流入阿拉克斯河，大部分湖水是通过蒸发流失。

● **塞凡修道院**-位于塞凡湖中原先的塞凡岛上。因为苏联时代的水利工程降低了塞凡湖水位，所以现在岛已经变成半岛。修道院始建于公元9世纪，现存建筑为低处的圣使徒教堂和高处的诞神圣母教堂。

● **哈格帕特修道院**-是位于亚美尼亚洛里省哈格帕特的一座修道院。哈格帕特修道院修建于970年代，大致完工于991年。但修道院在完工之后遭到过多次地震和战争侵袭。1996年，哈格帕特修道院被登录为世界文化遗产。

叶里温

● **叶里温**-是西亚国家亚美尼亚共和国的首都，是欧洲城市的准会员。贺拉兹丹河流经市内，北望著名的亚拉腊山。若以文献记载为准，该城是现存世界最古老的都市之一。埃里温是国家的行政，文化和工业中心。

● **埃奇米阿津主教座堂**-是位于亚美尼亚西部城市瓦加尔沙帕特。埃奇米阿津主教座堂是亚美尼亚的第一座教堂，被认为是全世界最古老的主教座堂。

● **叶里温歌剧院**-全称亚美尼亚亚历山大·斯潘迪里扬国家模范歌剧芭蕾舞剧院，坐落在亚美尼亚首都叶里温的一个国家歌剧院，它拥有1400座位和拥有1200座位的两个大厅，1933年1月20日正式开放。

● **阿拉姆-哈恰图良**-是20世纪亚美尼亚最知名的作曲家和指挥家，苏联亚美尼亚最有代表性的文化，并认为他是亚美尼亚“国宝”。

● **玛坦纳达兰**-是亚美尼亚，叶里温古代手稿，研究机构和博物馆的存储库。它拥有世界上最富有的中世纪手稿和书籍，其中涵盖了广泛的主题，包括历史，哲学，医学，文学，艺术史和宇宙学和许多其他语言的托管机构之一。

★★★★★ 旅游亮点 ★★★★★

- ✓ 巴库老城 - 联合国教科文组织世界文化遗产
- ✓ 卡赫季州著名的葡萄之乡
- ✓ 参观有“亚美尼亚瑞士”之称的迪利然
- ✓ 拥有“亚美尼亚的绿宝石”之称的塞凡湖
- ✓ 第比利斯晚宴-享用葡萄酒与欣赏民俗表演
- ✓ 著名的硫磺浴池- Abanotubani

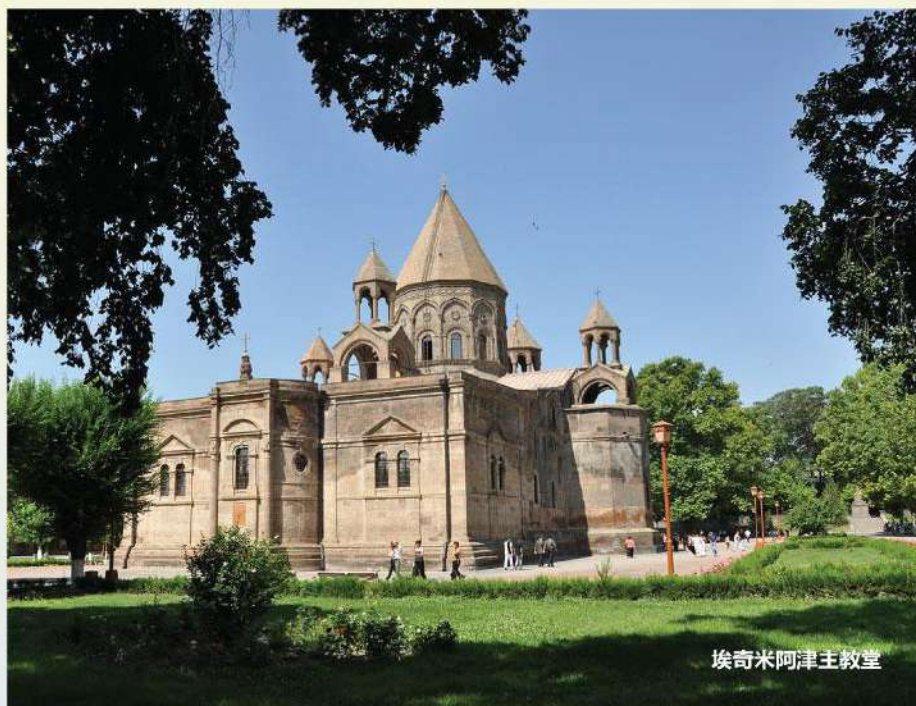
★★★★★ 住宿 ★★★★★

4★ 酒店或同级酒店 9晚

巴库 ×3晚
舍基 ×1晚
第比利斯 ×3晚
叶里温 ×2晚

★★★★★ 餐饮 ★★★★★

- ✓ 8 早餐 / 8 午餐 / 8 晚餐
- ✓ 当地菜肴为主



埃奇米阿津主教座堂

<div>货币</div> <div></div>	阿塞拜疆马纳特 (AZN) 格鲁吉亚拉里 (GEL) 亚美尼亚德拉姆 (AMD)	<div>信用卡</div> <div></div> <div>致电信用卡中心，以延长你的信用卡额度 *许多信用卡在欧洲通行.</div>
<div>货币兑换率</div> <div></div>	1美元 : 4.2 令吉	<div>拨号代码</div> <div></div> <div>巴库 : +994 12 舍基 : +994 177 第比利斯 : +374 1 叶里温 : +995 32</div>
<div>电压</div> <div></div>	220V-230V / 50Hz	<div>插头</div> <div></div> <div>类型 : C *请自带多功能插座</div>
<div>时差</div> <div></div>	标准时相差慢马来西亚时间4小时	<div>行李托运</div> <div></div> <div>每人只限携带一件不超过7公斤的手提行李上机，以及托运行李不超过20公斤</div>
<div>气候</div> <div></div>	<div><input type="checkbox"/> 春季 3月 - 5月 4°C- 22°C</div> <div><input type="checkbox"/> 夏季 6月 - 8月 20°C- 31°C</div> <div><input type="checkbox"/> 秋季 9月 - 11月 14°C- 26°C</div> <div><input type="checkbox"/> 冬季 12月- 2月 2°C- 10°C</div>	
<div>飞机型号</div> <div></div>	<div></div> <div>A320</div> <div></div> <div>A330</div> <div></div> <div>Boeing 777</div>	

出发日期：

航班行程：

团费：

机场税及燃油附加费：

小费：

旅行社代收费：

签证：

旅行保险：

总数：